STEEL WELDING WIRES MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Filler Metals and Welding Rods

SECTION 1

Manufacturer's Name:

HIGH PERFORMANCE PRODUCTS, INC.

1220 Shappert Drive Machesney Park, IL 61115 815-985-0441

Product Number and Type: HPP 222M

SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/IDENTITY INFORMATION

IMPORTANT: This Section covers materials from which this product is manufactured											
Ingredients of	, CAS	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	Other Ingredients and/or Comments							
The Product		mg/m	mg/m [*]								
Iron	7439-89-6	N.A.	N.A.	Oxides and/or fluorides of Aluminum, Calcium, Iron, Magnesium,							
Manganese *	7439-96-5	0.2 for fume	5.0 as ceiling (dust)	Potassium, Sodium, Strontium, Titanium, Zirconium							
			1.3 Stel (fume)	WARNING: This product contains or produces a chemical known to the							
Silicon (SiO2)	7440-21-3	3.0	5.0	State of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or reproductive harm),							
Vanadium *	7440-62-2	.05 as firme	.01 as fume	(California Health & Safety Code 25249.5 et seq.)							
Copper *	7440-50-8	0.2 as fume	0.1 as furne								
Carbon	7782-42-5	3.5	3.5	Special Notes							
Chromium *	7440-47-3	.5	1.0	Chromium in 30							
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	10.0	15.0	Molybdenum in 30, 3044 only							
Nickel *	7440-02-0	1.0	1.0	Nickel in 30, 3044 only							
Magnesium	7439-95-4	N.A.	N.A.	Magnesium in 306-FCO only							
Aluminum	7429-90-5	10.0	N.A.	Aluminum in 303-SPL and 306-FCO only							
Titanium	7440-32-6	10.0	15.0	Titanium in 303-SPL only							
Chemicals listed in	Section 313 of SARA T	itle III are identifie	d with an asterisk(*)								

SECTION 3 - PHYSICAL DATA

These products as shipped are nonhazardous, nonflammable, nonexplosive and nonreactive.

SECTION 4 - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Welding are and sparks, and the use of oxy-fuel torches, can ignite combustibles and flammables. Refer to American National Standard Z49.1 for fire prevention during the use of welding and allied procedures.

SECTION 5 - REACTIVITY DATA — HAZARDOUS REACTION PRODUCTS

Fumes and gases from welding and high temperature cutting cannot be classified simply. The composition and quantity of both depend on the metal being welded, the process, procedures, and electrodes used. Other conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coatings on the metal being welded (such as paint, plating, or galvanizing), the number of welders and the volume of the work area, the quality and amount of ventilation, the position of the welder's head with respect to the fume plume, as well as the presence of contaminants in the atmosphere (such as chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from cleaning and degreasing activities.)

Most firme ingredients are present in complex combinations, rather than as separate compounds. Excessive overexposure may produce the effects outlined in Section 6.

SECTION 6 - EXPOSURE LIMITS - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Use of this product in welding and brazing operations can result in exposure to airborne metal particulates and fumes. Section 2 lists specific hazardous ingredients and exposure limits. Section 6 lists exposure limits for hazardous reaction products that might be formed by welding and high temperature cutting.

IMPORTANT: Determine actual exposure by industrial monitoring.

Primary routes of exposure are inhalation of fumes, gases, or particulates. Absorption through the skin is unlikely.

Welding Fumes

The constituents of the fume are generally different from the ingredients listed in Section 2 and may include oxides of the metals, chromates, fluorides, and complex metallics. The gases may include carbon monoxide, ozone, and oxides of nitrogen. Chlorinated solvents may be decomposed by the arc into toxic gases such as phosgene. The chemicals listed in Table 6a have low PEL's/TLV's and represent potential health hazards. Postle Industries recommends monitoring of these chemicals.

Table 6a

	Metal or Chemical	7	TLV	PEL		Metal or Chemical		TLV	PEL	
***************************************		. п	ig/m'	mg/m¹				mg/m'	. mg/m³	
	Carbon Monoxide	5() ppm	50ppm		Manganese fume (Mn)		1.0	5.0 as ceiling	
	Chromium (Chromates)		0.05	.05 as CrVI		Nickel & Ni Oxide		1.0	1.0	
	Chromium Oxides	1.	0.5	0.5		Nitric Oxide	•••	25 ppm	25 ppm	1
	Cobalt & Co Oxide	isti n	0.05	.1		Nitrogen dioxides		3 ppm ·	j ppm	
D	Copper & Cu Oxide	0.2	for fume	0.1 for fume		Ozone		0.1 ppm	0.1 ppm	
<i>71.</i>	Fluorides as fluorine		2.5	2.5	٠	Phosgene		0.1 ppm	0.1 ppm	